

e-Learning Samoyedic

Part II: Northern Selkup

Tasks

By Josefina Budzisch and Beáta Wagner-Nagy



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Task 1: Introduction

Exercise 1: Read the introductory part of the grammar as well as the additional literature given.

Exercise 2: Listen to the text "Bear and hare" and mark differences between transcription and sound.

Task 2: Phonology and Morphophonology

Exercise 1: What happens if you combine the stem with the given suffix?

- 1. $\check{s}\check{o}t + nti$ (Illative) =
- 2. qanik + qi(Du) =

Exercise 2: Which morphophonological process occurred here?

- 1. mar marip (Acc.)
- 2. qamti qamnimminti

Task 3: Nominal category

Exercise 1: Fill out the table!

Declinate ama in singular, purqi in dual and kanan in plural.

Remember the morphophonological changes!

	ата	purqi	kanaŋ
Nominative			
Accusative			
Genitive			
Dative-			
Allative			
Illative			
Lokative			
Elative			
Prolative			
Instrumental			
Caritive			
Coordinative			
Translative			

Exercise 2: Mark all nouns and their cases in the following sentences! Also mark the possessive suffixes and number markers.

1. Qoltit qanin anti totta, antiti lapikəl εεŋa.

'There is a boat on the shore of the river, this boat is without oars.'

2. Man imanisä ilak.

'I live with my wife.'

3. Toontipot mootqin eenootit.

'The tables are in the house.'

Task 4: Verbal category

Exercise 1: Give the following forms of the verb laksirigo:

- 1.1 Indicative (subjective conjugation)
- i) Present 1SG
- ii) Past 2DU
- 1.2 Latentive (narrative, inferential) 3SG
- i) Present: -nti-:
- ii) Past narrative: -mPi- + -nti-:

Exercise 2: Give the tense, mood and person of all verbs in the following sentences

1. Qoltit qanin anti totta, antiti lapikəl εεŋa.

'There is a boat on the shore of the river, this boat is without oars.'

2. Man imanisä ilak.

'I live with my wife.'

3. Təəntipot məətqin eeŋəətit.

'The tables are in the house.'

4. Pooqit qumikəəlin esimpa.

'It became empty outside'

Exercise 3: Conjugate the verb!

1. Ukkir čontooqit təp šötti _____ (qənqo 'to go', 'to go away')

'Once he went in the forest.'

Task 5: Syntax

Exercise 1: Make sentences!

- 1. anti, $\varepsilon \varepsilon qo$, $qaniK_2$, qolti, ima-2 sentences
- 2. *tottiqo*, *man*, *mɔɔt* 2 sentences

Exercise 2: Complete the sentences!

- 1. Kɨpa korɨ toot (qanɨŋ 'shore') nɔɔkɨr pirqɨ poo soočɨmpa. 'On the shore of the small deep lake three tall trees are growing.'
- 2. Tenisimil' qum qoštil' apsi ašša amtəətit. 'Smart people do not eat bad food.'
- 3. Äsänɨl' mɔɔttɨ nɨɨnɨ pɔɔraltɛntak. 'I will not return to my father's house.'

Task 6: Negation

Exercise 1: Chose the right negation marker!

- 1.1 ašša or čääŋka
 - a. *Imami ńi kuččä* _____ *iččirna*. 'My wife will go nowhere.'
 - b. *Ikkir poo* _____ 'There are no trees.'

1.2 čääŋka or čääŋkɨqo

- a. əmɨl ńeeti näl amtɨ _____ qoptätɨ. 'The mother did not recognize her own daughter.'
- b. *Təp täl' čeeli kuntookti šötti qəssi i tii iirik* _____ *tüptäti*. 'He went into the forest yesterday and has not yet returned.'

Task 7: Working with a text

Gloss the first eleven sentences of "Bear and Hare", it is the same text as in task 1 but in a slightly different transcription. The words can be found in the wordlist.

Please stick to the Leipzig Glossing rules and explain other abbreviations used.